



# Preferred Path Routing (PPR): Cellular Transport Network evolution for 5G and beyond

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# Agenda

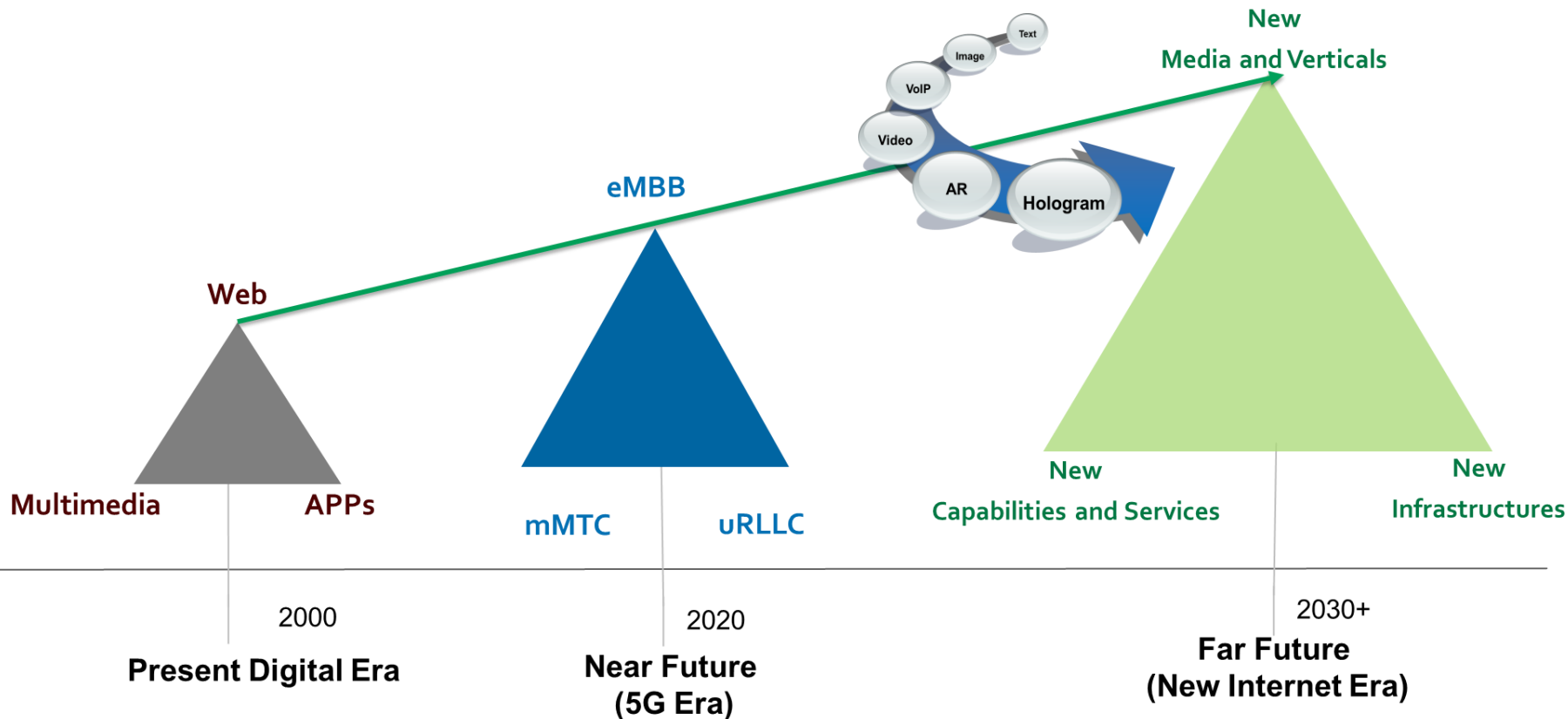
## Part I : Network-2030 (ITU-T FG-2030)

- ❑ What's pushing the boundary of current transport networks?
- ❑ IP Networks and Missing pieces
- ❑ ITU FG-2030 Initiative

## Part II : 5G Transport Evolution beyond eMBB

- ❑ A look at 5G Transport Network
- ❑ Challenges with 5G Transport
- ❑ A solution framework: Preferred Path Routing (PPR)
- ❑ Research & Standardization

# Where the Internet is going?

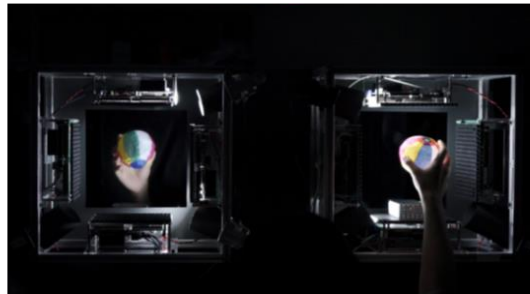


# New technologies are emerging in 2030 and thereafter?

## Digital Senses and Reality



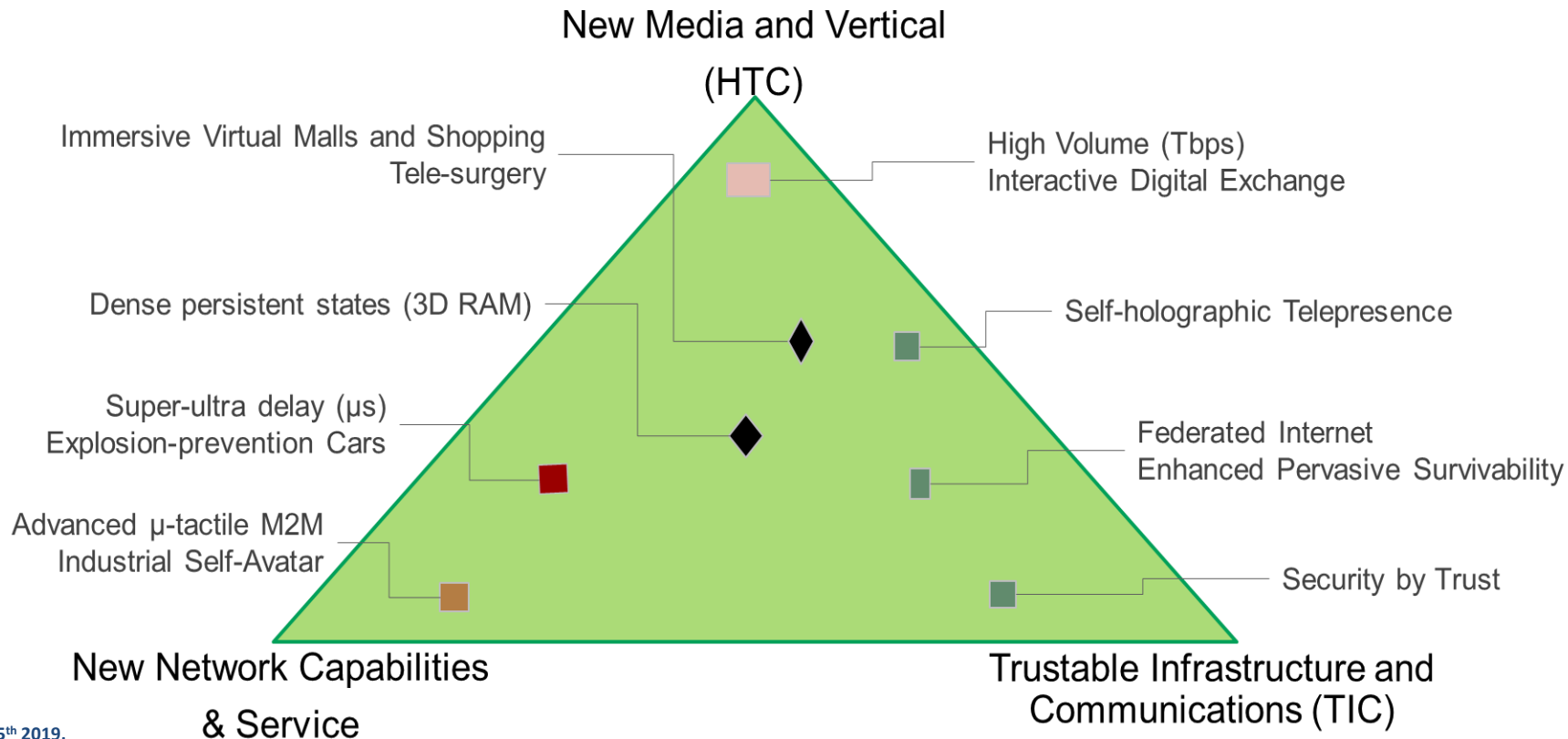
## Haptic Technologies and Terminals



## Holographic Verticals and Society

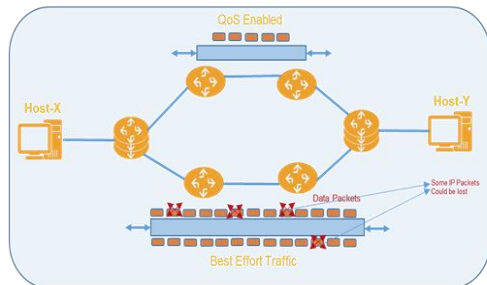


# Internet in the far future (2030 and beyond)

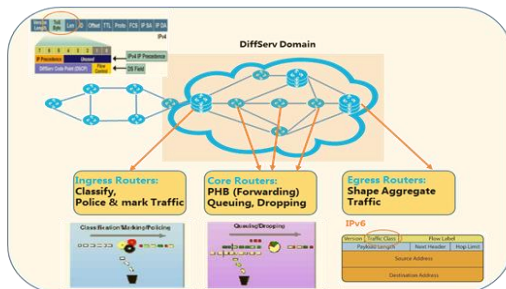


# What Services does the Current Internet Provide at the Infrastructure Level?

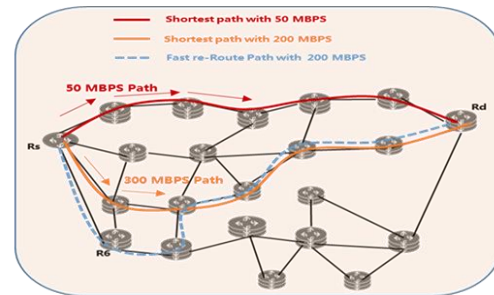
## Best Effort



## Differentiated Services



## Traffic Engineering



✓ Differentiates Classes of Service

✓ Guarantees Bandwidth



Fails to provide throughput guarantees

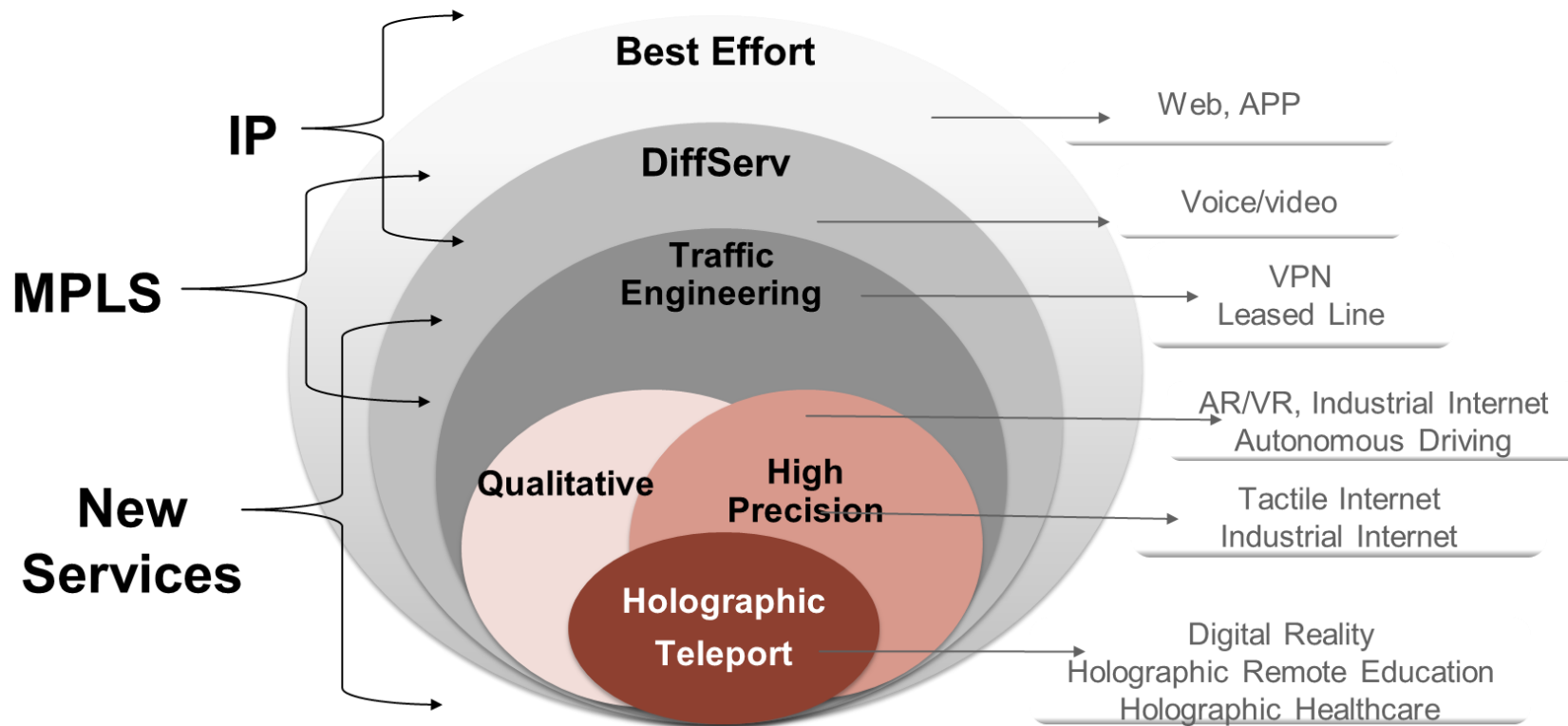


Fails to provide guarantees of maximum latency (in-time)



Fails to provide guarantees of precise latency (on-time)

# A Taxonomy of Services on the Infrastructural Level







# ITU-T Focus Group Network 2030

<https://www.itu.int/en/ITU-T/focusgroups/net2030/Pages/default.aspx>

- To identify gaps and challenges towards networks for the year 2030 and beyond
- To formulate all aspects of Network 2030, including its vision, requirements, novel and forward-looking use cases.
- To study the capabilities of networks for novel forward-looking scenarios, such as
  - › holographic type communications
  - › extremely fast response in critical situations
  - › high-precision communication demands

**Call for Participation in and Contribution to  
the 4th Workshop and FG Meeting  
Saint Petersburg, Russian Federation  
May 21<sup>st</sup> –23<sup>rd</sup> , 2019**

Hosted by **Rostelecom** and supported by  
Bonch - Bruevich Saint Petersburg State University of  
Telecommunications

**The First ITU-T Workshop on Network 2030  
and the Inaugural FG Meeting  
New York City, New York, USA  
October 2<sup>nd</sup>–4th, 2018  
Host: New York University**

<https://www.itu.int/en/ITU-T/Workshops-and-Seminars/201810/Pages/Programme.aspx>



# Agenda

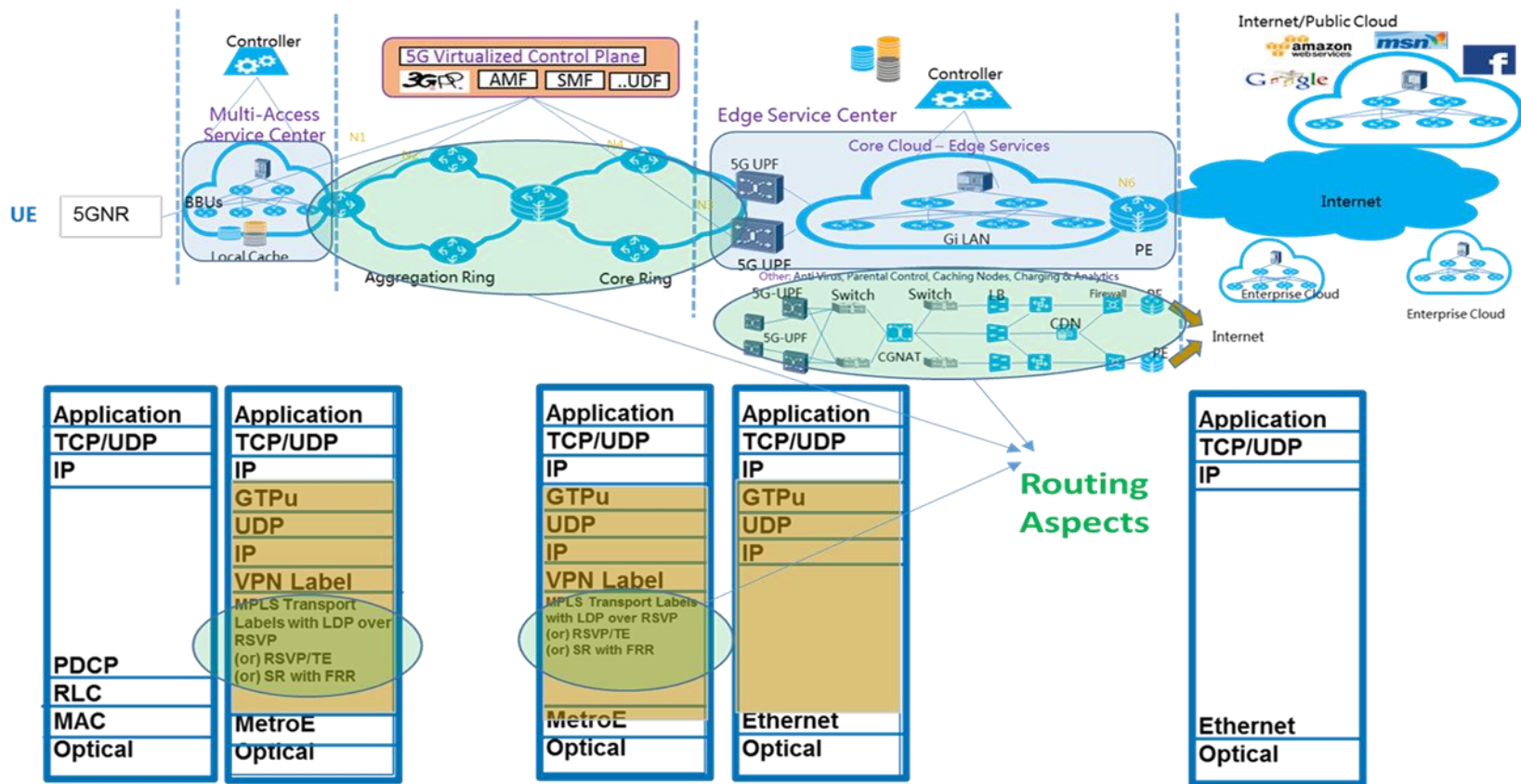
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# REL15 – 5G NR and 4G Core network (Simplified)



# Challenges with 5G Transport Networks

- Need transport network (Mid Haul, Back Haul) evolution to enable slicing
- Low data plane overhead is needed including advanced and dynamic TE (Small packet sizes in various slices)
- Must support different underlays to cater various deployments (Need E2E solution with QoS)
- Not optimized for multicast
- N9 interface, disaggregation of packet core and UPF mobility scenarios
- Beyond TI-LFA → QoS aware backups is highly desirable for SLAs

# Preferred Path Routing (PPR)

## Key enabler Technology for XHAUL Transport Slicing

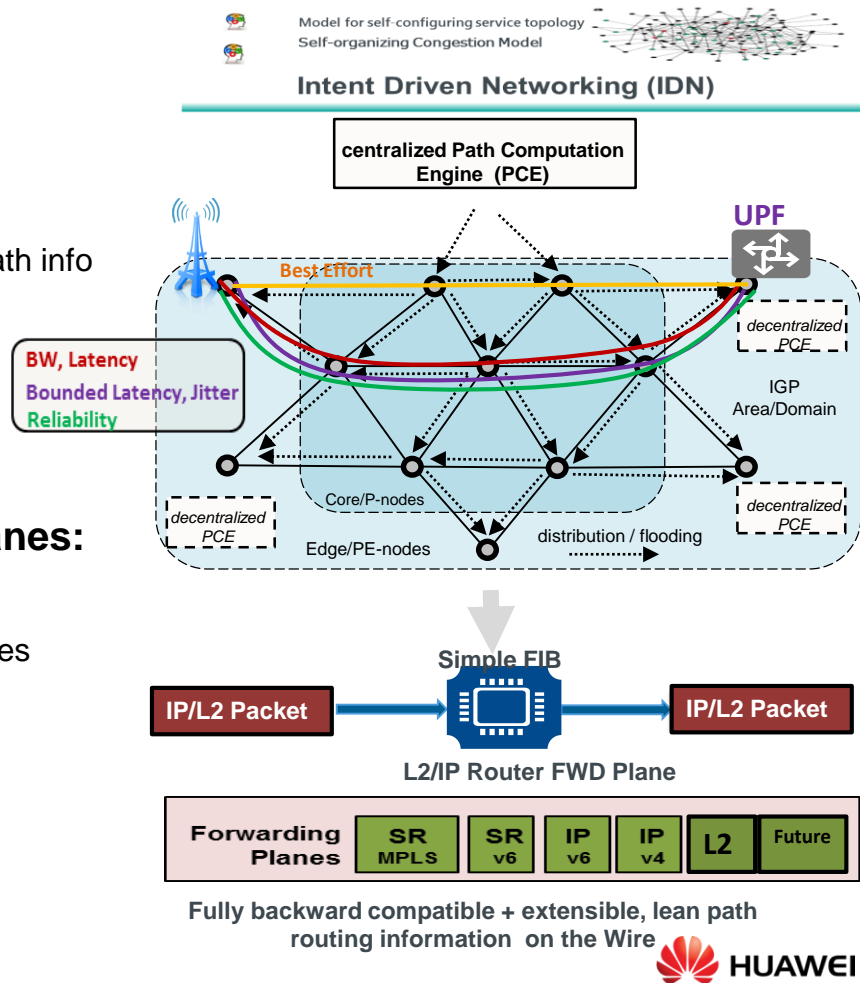
# What is PPR?

## A Novel Signaling Architecture

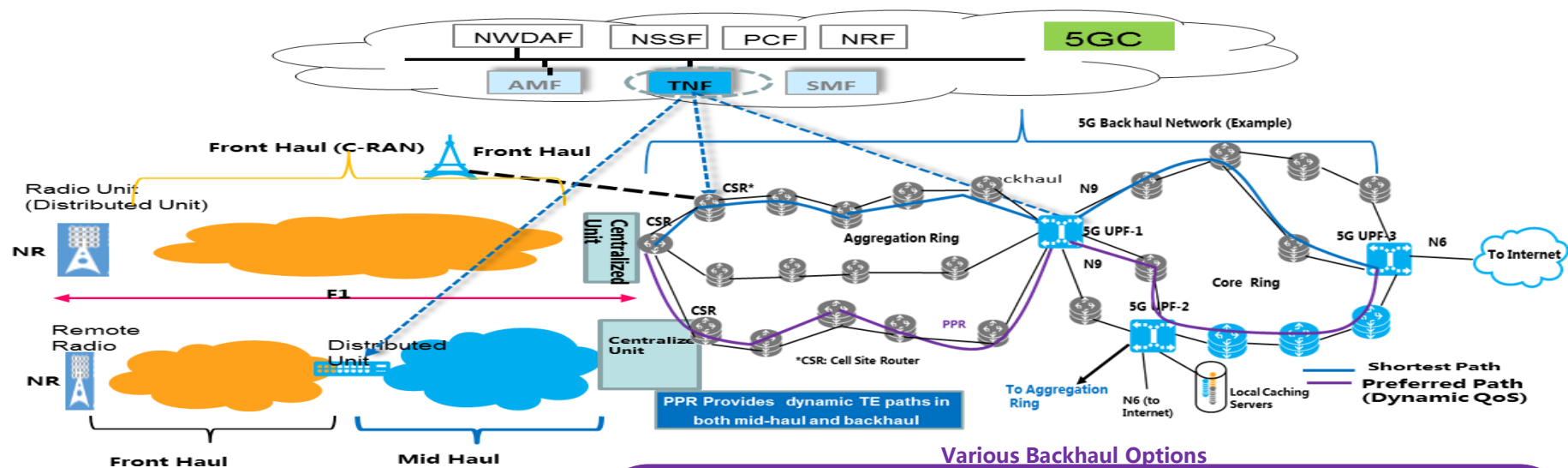
- Reliable distribution (LSP IGP) to program PCE calculated path info (PPR-ID) to FIBs
- Agnostic to Forwarding Plane
- Strategic goal: control for future Forwarding Planes

## Benefits / Applicability to various forwarding planes:

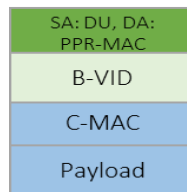
- Support / Enhance networks where SR is not desired (IoT ?!)
- Extends Dynamic QoS to L2, IPv4, IPv6 and future data planes
- Software only upgrade or Driver for Next-Gen NPU upgrade
- Support / Enhance SR-MPLS, SR-v6 (backward compatible)



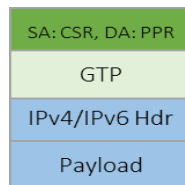
# 5G X-haul/Backhaul for PPR



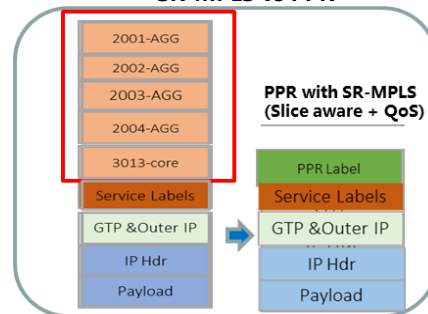
PPR in L2  
(Slice aware  
+ QoS)



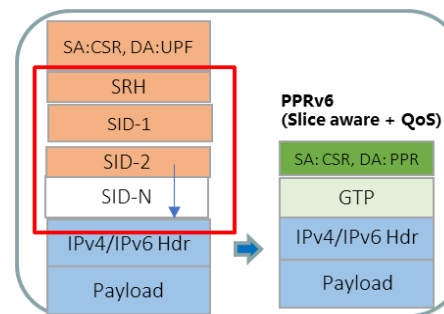
PPRv4  
(Slice aware  
+ QoS)



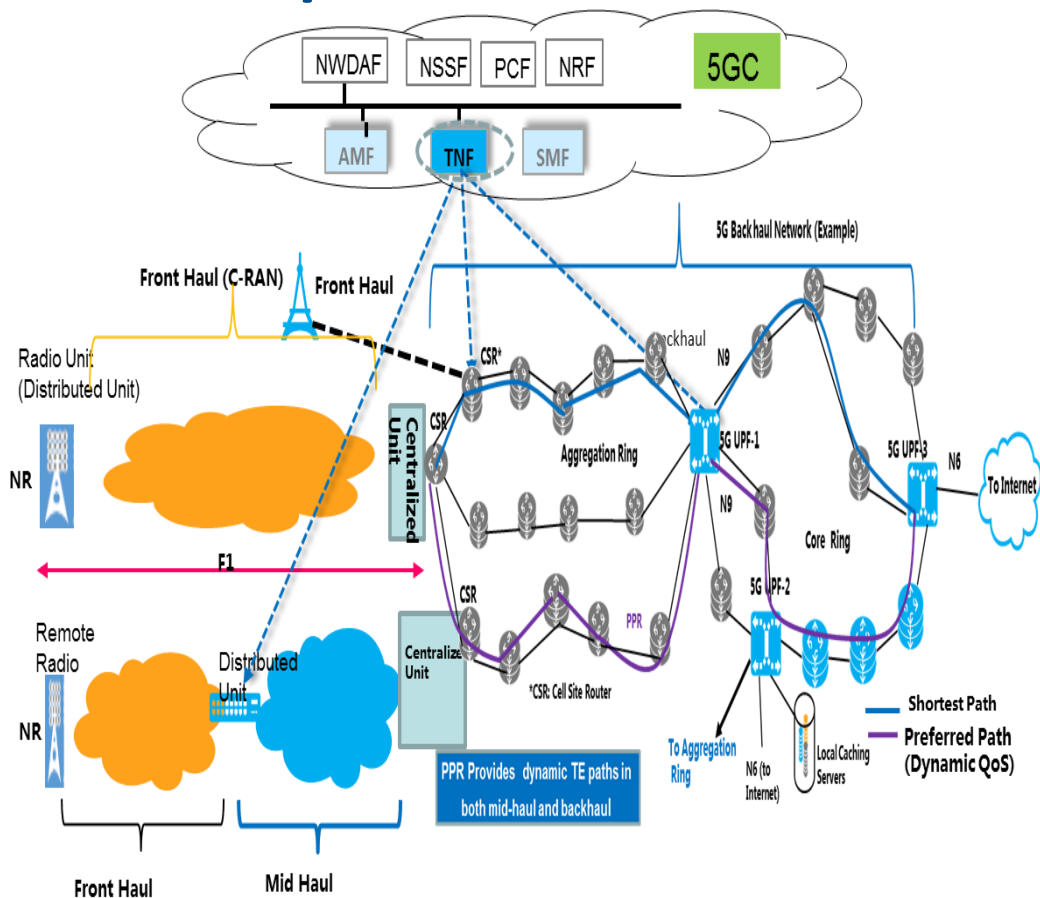
SR-MPLS vs PPR



SRv6 vs PPRv6



# 5G X-haul/Backhaul for PPR



## PPR solution for 5G XHAUL

- E2E Transport Undelay Slicing – L2/MPLS/IPv4/IPv6
- Provides SLA Guarantees in the X-Haul (key 5G requirement)
- On-demand & dynamic resource instantiation and management
- No data plane overhead and backward compatible
- Supports new 5G mobility scenarios and N9 Interface
- Enables introduction of future data planes



# Research in this area..

## ❑ "Preferred Path Routing - A Next-Generation Routing Framework beyond Segment Routing"

Uma Chunduri ; Alexander Clemm ; Richard Li

**2018 IEEE Global Communications Conference (GLOBECOM)**

Year: 2018, Page s: 1 - 7

## ❑ "Preferred Path Routing (PPR) Graphs - Beyond Signaling Of Paths To Networks"

Toerless Eckert ; Yingzhen Qu ; Uma Chunduri

**2018 14th International Conference on Network and Service Management (CNSM)**

Year: 2018, Page s: 384 - 390, IEEE Conferences

## ❑ "Improving Performance and Scalability of Next Generation Cellular Networks"

Ali Mohammadkhan ; K. K. Ramakrishnan ; Uma Chunduri ; Kiran Makhijani

**IEEE Internet Computing**

Year: 2019 , Volume: 23 , Issue: 1

Page s: 54 - 63, IEEE Journals & Magazines

# Research in this area.. (contd.)

- ☐ Reliability and Latency management for Preferred Paths
- ☐ Computation of QoS aware Fast-ReRoutes with Preferred Paths and Graphs
- ☐ Path state optimization and efficient central and distributed computation of PPR Paths/Graphs
- ☐ Light weight capacity optimization in transport network topologies agnostic to source routing methodologies
- ☐ ...

# Summary

1. Bigger challenges in transport networks and internet → Join ITU-T FG-2030
2. While working on far future, make sure transport networks evolve to current 5G challenges w.r.t latency and reliability !

- 5G and beyond needs more intelligence in both Mid-Haul and Backhaul.
- PPR is a promising new X-Haul transport TE technology.
  - It's scalable, intelligent (dynamic QoS, energy efficient, reliable) with path signaling for routing Next-Gen networks.
- We should consider these challenges early on and continue to evolve!

# It's more than a wrap, Thank you!



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Questions or wish to collaborate..  
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