Wireless Network Intelligence @ the EDGE

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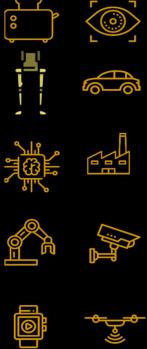
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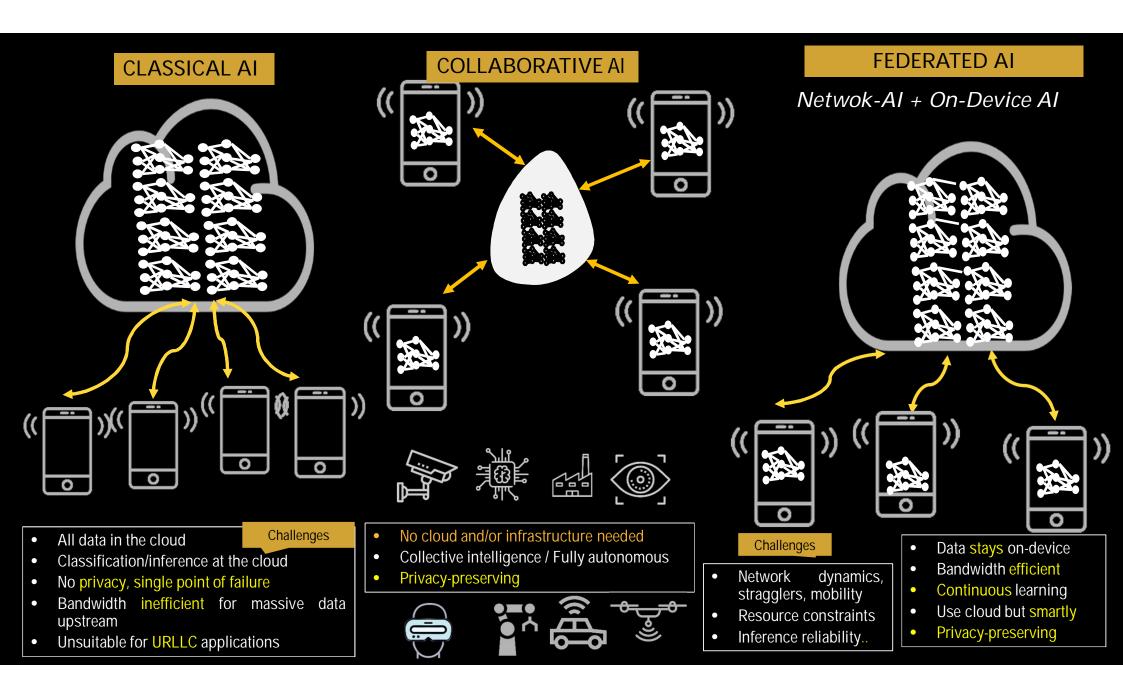


Beyond 5G Connectivity..

- 5G is and will remain as the innovation platform for future connectivity requirements.
 - Connectivity alone insufficient to realize 5G's full potential
- Proliferation of a new breed of autonomous devices communicating, sensing & acting within their environments.
 - Massive amount of data cannot be transmitted to the cloud for training & inference!

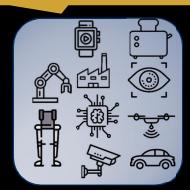
 \rightarrow To solve this massive scale challenge, address privacy, energy, latency and reliability concerns, intelligence can no longer be confined to the central cloud, but *distributed* to the devices spearheading the <u>Wireless</u> <u>Edge Intelligence</u> vision.





66 ML/AI Changing Our Lives ...@ What Cost?

- Today's Al revolutionized our lives, successfully recognizes faces, diagnoses diseases, predicts rainfall, consumer preferences & much more.
 - Thanks to more data and compute power
- Modern NN architectures are compute, space and power-hungry.
 - Cloud-Run: <u>Computationally intensive</u> à difficult to deploy on embedded devices with limited compute/memory constraints
 - Centralized + Offline training
 - Unreliable (do not reliably quantify prediction confidence)
 - Easy to fool changing slightly the input (GANs) -- adversarial examples
 - No privacy guarantees
 - Dominant paradigm: Dumb devices w/ <u>always-on cloud-</u> <u>connectivity</u>





Machine

translation



Face

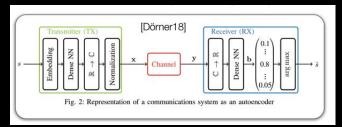
Recognition

UNFIT for the new breed of intelligent devices & high-stake applications



G ML for Communication (ML4C) – Current Focus

- ML4C @ Physical layer
 - Accurate knowledge of RF environment (propagation models, fault monitoring, etc)
 - Optimized use of RF environment (improved MCS, resource scheduling, spatial encoding schemes for MU-MIMO, reduced power consumption, etc)



C4ML

- Channel detection and decoding (data-driven useful for non well-established channel models)
 Mostly data-driven +
- Learn how to cancel FD self-interference
- ML4C @ Network and Application layer
 - Resource slicing, caching popular contents, routing, etc
 - Traffic classification, orchestration, virtualization, etc.
 - Spectrum sensing, Video streaming
 - Anomalies predictions, etc

etc

ML4C

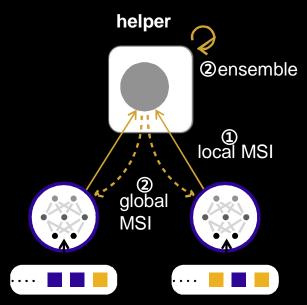
G Wireless Edge Intelligence

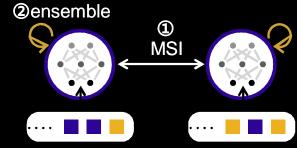
Edge intelligence is a nascent research field which requires a major departure from centralized cloud-based training/inference/control approaches

→ Towards a system design where edge devices communicate and exchange their learned models (not their private/raw data) to <u>build/train a shared learned model</u> subject to:

- Latency, reliability, accuracy, privacy constraints
- Memory/compute/power constraints
- Limited data & channel/network dynamics...

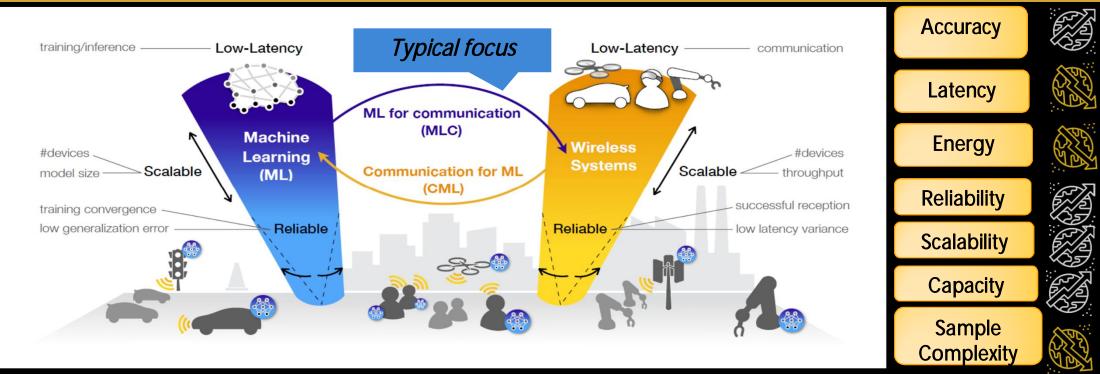
 \rightarrow The ability of on-device AI to process data close to the edge yields low latency, privacy, reliability, efficient bandwidth usage.







Big Picture: When 5G Meets AI/ML



J. Park et al. "Wireless Network Intelligence at the Edge," Proc. of the IEEE; https://arxiv.org/pdf/1812.02858.pdf

- How do resource-constrained devices collectively train a high-quality centralized model in a decentralized manner, for different NN architectures + with limited data
- How to carry out fast and reliable decision making under risk and uncertainty? How to model dynamics, uncertainty (DL ignores <u>uncertainty</u>), etc. // How to ensure reliable inference?..



66 Federated Learning for Reliable V2V

Use case: URLLC-V2X + distributed FL Challenge: Network latency distribution needed! Solutions:

- Locally but lack of samples (latency1)
- <u>Remotely</u> (RSU) but violate latency constraints (reliability[↑] latency[↑])
- Synchronous vs. asynchronous UL (latency1) .

Key Idea:

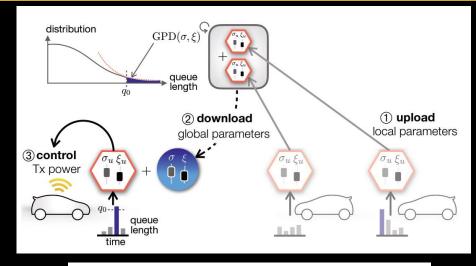
Instead of vehicles uploading their data to the cloud/RSU, every vehicle locally uploads its model to RSU + RSU does model averaging and brodcasts/multicasts to vehicles.

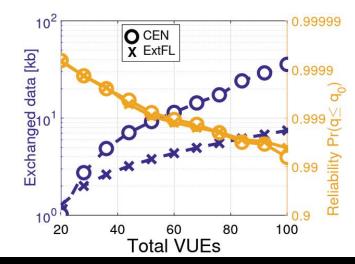
à Model-driven ML

Benefits:

- 1. <u>FL is a lower latency + Higher reliability enabler J</u>
- 2. Works even during connectivity loss J !!

S. Samarakoon, et al, "Federated Learning for Ultra-reliable Low-latency V2V Communications," *in proc. of* IEEE GLOBECOM 2018, Abu-dhabi, UAE.





5G FL-Wireless Ramifications



3

A learning model may have million parameters

- Model updating is bandwidth consuming especially for 1000X edge devices
- Slowest node or straggler
- Adapt to asynchronous changes
- Moving nodes & noisy/interfered links
- Sample importance/Freshness
- Data quantity vs. <u>quality</u>
- Need to adapt to local dynamics
- Continual and lifelong learning
- Non-stationary input data
- Shared learning on confidential data
 - Blockchain, DLT (*)

(*) Bennis et al. "on-device FL via Blockchain and its Latency Analysis," IEEE Comm. Letter, 2018

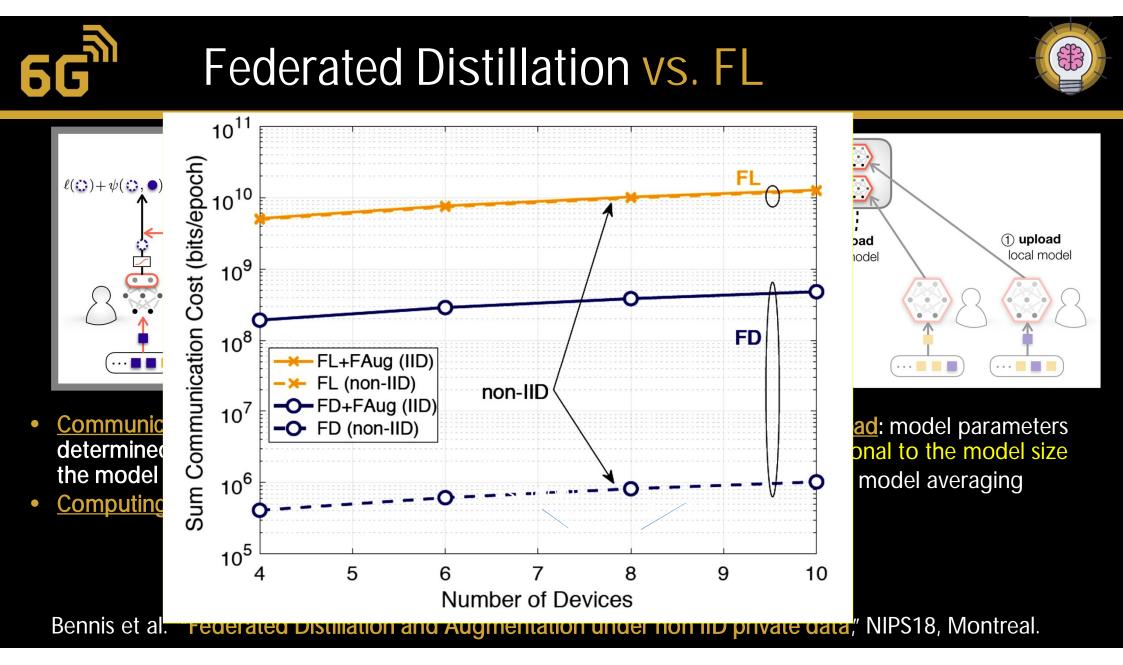
Artificial intelligence and machine learning in next-generation systems

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Deen learning

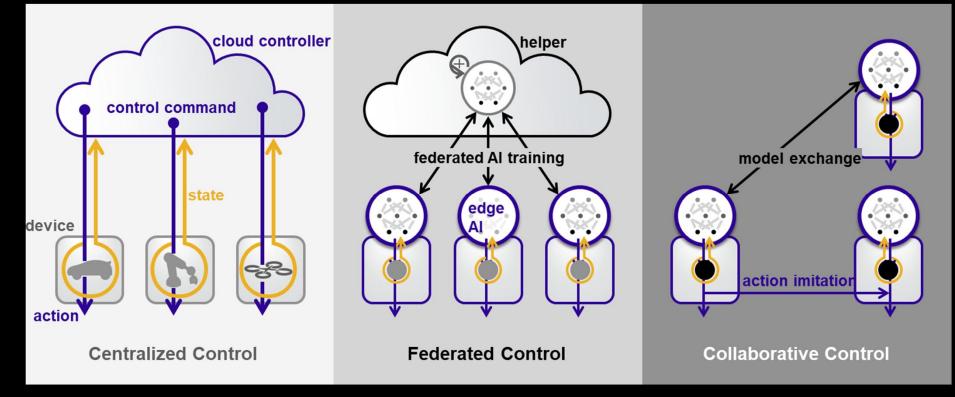
on microcontrollers







Data-Driven CONTROL



- Low-latency and reliable control over wireless
- From linear one-dimensional control à non-linear multi-dimensional control
- Risk-sensitive RL, distributional RL, inverse RL, imitation learning...



Parting Comments



- Distributed edge intelligence will unlock full potential of 5G (and beyond)
 - Preliminary results are highly promising!
- Lots remain to be studied at many levels and across many domains:
 - ü Architectural (data split, model split), Beyond DNN
 - ü Algorithmic, mathematical tools needed
 - ü Need for reliable and low-latency ML
 - ü Hardware-Algo codesign needed

→ Journey continues..